case, when we redeposed defendants about the file, it is because we wanted information about the file. So we deposed -- redeposed the defendants who were testifying.

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Defendant Burge has been on the Fifth Amendment. It was our understanding he would be taking the Fifth Amendment on everything, so we didn't ask to redepose him about that at the time.

What, I guess, is actually new is that we have learned that he is not coming to trial, and so his testimony will be limited to what is in his deposition. And we didn't have the opportunity to pose questions about him -- about the file at his deposition. We sort of anticipated we would just pose those questions to him at trial when he appeared, but he is not appearing.

So this is really just a chance to get the record on asking those questions. And I understand defendants are concerned. They think it's prejudicial. But it seems like those are really admissibility questions, and that can be dealt with separately. While we are out there asking him questions about other things, can we ask these few extra questions and get the record on it?

MS. EKL: Your Honor, in regard to Mr. Burge's unavailability, he was incarcerated in Butner, as you well know, at the time that we took his deposition, and we had no indication that he was going to be released and that we would have a trial after his release.

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He is still technically incarcerated, in the sense that he is under supervision at this point in time.

We have some additional issues regarding his health that would also additionally prevent him from coming.

But when we took his deposition in Butner, at that point in time, I don't believe it was anyone's understanding he was going to be free to come into court and testify.

THE COURT: Well, is it a mutual understanding that there will be a continued deposition about his financial situation, or are you objecting to that as well?

MS. EKL: Your Honor, I have not confirmed yet with Mr. Burge that we will be asserting an inability to pay defense in relation to punitive damages. I believe we will. And if that's the case, then we would be presenting him for a very limited deposition for that purpose. But he has not confirmed yet that that's what he would like to do.

THE COURT: Well, I think that would be important So why don't you figure that out. to know.

MS. EKL: I anticipate it's more likely than not that he will do that, your Honor.

THE COURT: So if there is going to be further inquiry and you are going down to Florida to -- I mean, there is no good reason to prevent him from -- or to prevent the plaintiff from asking, as she says, a few additional

questions. We will see.

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MS. EKL: Your Honor -- go ahead.

MR. SKARIN: Your Honor, I would just say, from the City's perspective, I think there is extreme prejudice, as we have pointed out.

And just to clarify one point, it's not that they have had this file for 14 months. They have had this file for 25 months at this point. They redeposed three people. and they tried to do a fourth. He died, unfortunately.

Fifteen months ago, when fact discovery closed, we have been preparing this case based on the decision that plaintiff made in discovery, and so there is the -- there is more than the, can you just do it? Of course, you could always have another deposition.

The problem is that the case -- what's really going on here is that they don't like the case they have, because they want to go and ask a series of "Did you shoot Kennedy?" questions that they know that they will get a Fifth Amendment inference to, and then use that to -- six weeks before trial; and probably by the time Burge is redeposed, two weeks, three weeks before trial -- rebuild their whole case that they didn't do in the almost three years that this case has been in fact discovery.

That's inherently prejudicial, and that's the reason for our -- for the objection, from the City's

perspective.

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MS. EKL: Your Honor, the individuals agree completely. We believe that this deposition of Mr. Burge is going to be used to bridge a gap in evidence that they know is lacking, and that because of Mr. Burge's assertion of the Fifth, as Mr. Skarin pointed out, they are going to use it to ask him questions and to get an adverse inference where they can't otherwise provide evidence to support their claim.

MS. MAZUR: Again, Judge, that point was made in their briefs. And as I mentioned, that's really a question about admissibility, if it's going to be used at trial in this case.

What we are asking for right now is just, while we are out there, which it seems like we are going to be, can we ask these few questions? We all know what the answers are going to be. That way we would have the record available should your Honor decide that we are allowed to use it at trial. Otherwise we would have no way of having that record available.

THE COURT: So I am going to get a motion to bar instead.

MS. EKL: Right. And, your Honor, we know what the answer is going to be. I can tell you right now, Mr. Burge's answer to any question about his employment is going to be, "I assert my Fifth Amendment right." So any question that

they intend to ask him, that will be the answer.

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MR. SKARIN: And they have known that will be the answer since they took his deposition -- I can't remember -something like two years ago. And if they wanted that, they could have asked for it 15 months ago. They didn't, and that's the cause for the prejudice.

It's not fair. We are getting sandbagged.

THE COURT: Well, I suppose that's true.

Do you have one final thing to say? It's your motion.

MS. MAZUR: I guess, you know, Judge, we -- I don't really understand the sandbagging argument. I mean, if he was coming to testify live, we could just ask him these questions.

We may have a motion to bar in advance of trial. But really, I mean, it seems like Mr. Skarin's point is that we should have asked for three depositions of Mr. Burge instead of two. It just doesn't seem that there is any prejudice in just getting a record that we may or may not be able to use at court -- at trial.

THE COURT: Well, I know that I am just inviting another motion, but I will grant the motion on the condition that you are going to take a deposition as to his finances. and then we will deal with it later.

I guess it's a question of whether his -- you know,

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there is -- the statute of limitations has long since run. but I guess he could be prosecuted again for perjury if he answers, right?

MS. EKL: Your Honor, the other concern is -- and we raised this in relation to the other depositions. didn't oppose them asking questions in a redeposition of certain other defendants who arguably could have had some contact with this file, but Judge Valdez, at the time of that particular motion, agreed to limit the questions that could be asked. So again, they didn't go beyond asking specifically about this new file.

So I know that it's been represented they only have a few questions to ask. We would just ask that there be some sort of order defining what that means, I suppose.

MR. SKARIN: And if I could suggest as one possibility -- Judge Valdez limited them to three hours in the redepositions of the other defendants. At a minimum, that, combined with a limit on questions related to the file at issue itself, would probably be at least a reasonable notion.

MS. EKL: I think that would be more than enough time to ask Mr. Burge two questions about whether or not he had any contact with this file or was even employed in the location where the file allegedly was in existence. If they can't -- I mean --

MS. MAZUR: And then, we are in the middle -- we are exchanging pretrial order materials. We had some question about whether your Honor, first of all, would like

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1 trial briefs; and if so, if we should be exchanging them beforehand or if each side just files their own when we 2 3 submit the final pretrial order? THE COURT: I don't -- we didn't have a motion for 4 5 summary judgment in this case. So no, you don't have to 6 exchange them beforehand, but give me -- I think I know what 7 the law is, but you probably have it on your word processors. 8 I think it comes out in the jury instructions, so don't 9 bother with a trial brief. 10 MS. MAZUR: Okay. 11 MR. SKARIN: No trial brief? 12 THE COURT: No trial brief. 13 MR. SKARIN: Thank you, your Honor. 14 MS. MAZUR: Thank you. 15 MS. EKL: Thank you very much. 16 17 I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter. 18 19 October 26, 2016. /s/ Frances Ward Official Court Reporter 20 F/j 21 22 23 24 25